

WORLD'S WEEK

By HAROLD L. WEIR
Asso. Editor, The Edmonton Bulletin

There is an hysterical disposition, both in Britain and in Canada, to regard the German advance into Greece as a serious defeat for the Allies—a disposition which is founded neither on fact nor in common sense.

It is true that Britain possessed a meagre number of fighting men in this area. And it does excite the curiosity of many intelligent folk that an Empire of nearly half a billion people should not be able to muster enough troops to repulse the soldiers of a nation of only seventy million people.

Nevertheless, it is stupid to exaggerate the significance of a German drive that everybody knew would sooner or later succeed.

It is equally stupid to infer that the British and their allies gained nothing in the course of the struggle.

In the first place, the Germans have learned that they cannot face such fighters as the British and the Greeks, even in superior numbers and with superior equipment, without sustaining colossal losses.

In the second place, the legend of invincibility that surrounded the use of blitzkrieg tactics has been shattered beyond repair.

After the stunningly rapid invasion of Holland in which German Panzer columns rolled as far as two hundred miles a day, all Europe trembled in dread of what they believed was an irresistible mechanized advance, something like the horrible senseless march of some Frankenstein monster.

The German Panzer columns can no longer be called irresistible because they have been stopped.

The Germans have lost more in military prestige than they will ever gain by taking Greece.

Perhaps the crux of the Balkan affair, however, lies in the fact that Hitler has committed himself to an African and Asiatic war, which he is bound to meet crushing defeats.

Nothing, now, can keep Turkey and Russia out of the conflict except the most abject submission.

Unless Russia wants to see her fleet bottled up in the Black Sea and the Ukraine invaded, she must fight. Unless Turkey wants to make a military highway to Iraq, she must put her two million fighting men into the field.

These two countries have backed down before. They may back down again. Ultimately, they will have to get into the war.

Honorary Colonel Lindberg has been (Continued on Back Page)

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The Chronicle

VOLUME 20; NUMBER 13

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1941

\$2.00 A YEAR; 5c A COPY

HIGHWAY NUMBER 26 THROUGH CARBON TO RECEIVE COAT OF GRAVEL

Will Connect the Two Highways, Nos. 9 and 21

Government road engineers are in town this week and announce that arrangements have been completed for the graveling of Highway No. 26, running through Carbon, and connecting provincial highways No. 9 and No. 21.

Equipment arrived Monday night and proceeded to the municipal gravel pit near the John Hay farm, where gravel will be obtained for the project. The maintainers have been going over the highway for the past week, smoothing out the road surface and cutting down the rough spots in preparation for gravel, and operations have now commenced and gravel will be laid down rapidly.

A few local trucks have secured work hauling gravel and with the government's extra job it is expected that about 15 vehicles will be employed on the job.

BIG INCREASE IN TAXES

Hon. J.J. Illey, minister of finance, brought down the budget in the Dominion House Tuesday, terms of which will affect every tax payer and wage earner. Three cents has been added to the gasoline tax, National Defence tax has been increased from two to five per cent; income taxes and excess profits taxes have been increased and the sugar tax has been raised from one cent to two cents per pound. Many other new taxes have been imposed.

JUST A DIRTY LIE

The writer of these lines has heard (personally I very seldom believe what I hear) but there may be something to this one just the same, that it has been rumored around that the Carbon Bakery buys from Nasty's store re-stuffed, mouse-eaten flour. Well, if this has been taken, it's a dirty lie, for there are people in this world who would say it; there are people who do anything. Anyway, I wish to state that our store has never sold to Mr. Price, manager of Carbon Bakery, any flour except clean, undamaged sacks.

C. R. NASH

MEDICAL REQUIREMENTS CUT

Medical requirements for the Royal Canadian Naval Volunteer Reserve have been relaxed in order to take on the strength men who formerly were rejected for color-blindness or medical categories slightly below the usually required. A number of color ratings will be formed into a class for training in an Eastern port.

FARMERS MUST REPORT ON WHEAT ACREAGE REDUCTION PLAN NOW

The Municipal Secretaries are now busy engaged in obtaining information with regard to the Wheat acreage Reduction Plan.

Farmers who wish to participate in the bonus under the plan are required to file application forms with the municipal secretaries immediately.

It will be necessary for farmers to make their applications to the municipal offices.

In general the basis of bonus payments will be in the number of acres by which the farmer reduces his wheat acreage in 1941 as compared to 1940. If the farmer had wheat in 1940 as compared to 1939, the number of acres to be reduced will be the average of all acreage sown to wheat in 1939 and 1940. If there was no wheat sown on the farm in 1940 but over 60 per cent of the cultivated land was in wheat in 1939, the number of acres to be reduced in 1941 shall be 60 per cent of the number of acres under cultivation on the farm.

After proof has been established that the farmer has performed summer-fallow operations or sown clover or grass on the acreage taken out of wheat, the following sums will be paid for each acre of wheat reduction on or after July 1st, 1941:

The sum of \$4.00 in respect of each acre of wheat reduction on or after July 1st, 1941, in excess of the number of acres which were summer-fallowed in 1940.

The sum of \$2.00 in respect of each acre which is sown to clover grass or grass on or before July 31, 1941, in excess of the number of acres which were sown to clover grass or grass respectively in 1940.

The Minister may pay an additional sum of \$2.00 in respect of each acre of wheat which any payment may be made under the preceding paragraphs, which was sown to grass in 1941 and was sown to clover grass after August 1st, 1941, and is in grass or rye on July 31, 1942.

There are two points that the farmer should bear in mind:

- (1) It is only on reduced wheat acreage as established for 1940 that payment is made.
- (2) There must be an increase over 1940 acreage of either summer-fallow or clover/grass before payment can be made.

It should be remembered in planning the acreage to be sown to wheat that the delivery quota will be based on 65 per cent of the acreage the farmer had in wheat in 1940 and that no more than the quota for delivery will be accepted.

It is essential that every farmer make a report of his crop acreage, or he may have difficulty in obtaining a delivery quota this fall.

ALBERTA LOGGING INDUSTRY

Northern Alberta logging industry is hanging up an all-time record and it is expected that at the end of the current season a cut of 175,000,000 board feet of native spruce will have been cut. A year ago the cut ran 145,000,000 bf. Birch, jackpine and other timbers will add another million bf. to the aggregate. It will be recalled that H.B. MacMillan, federal lumber controller, asked Alberta to speed up production last fall. The province's lumbermen agreed to work longer hours. As a result 6,000 men have worked longer at a higher wage. It is believed one-third of the cut will be exported to the U.S. and due to the exchange situation, a premium of \$10 a thousand feet will bring added income.

LONG YEARS AGO

May 1, 1930

A provincial election will take place in Alberta on June 19th.

April showers have made crop prospects bright.

Jaeger Rochester has secured a position in Calgary and will play on a city rugby team this summer, according to reports.

Wm. Smith is the new Carbon yard manager of Imperial Building Supplies Limited.

The Boy Scouts entertained the C.G.I.T. in their club rooms last Friday, at a jolly dance and supper.



THE KING AND MR. WENDELL WILLKIE—His Majesty the King (left) and Mr. Wendell Willkie, Republican rival to Roosevelt in the U.S.A. Presidential election, at Buckingham Palace. Mr. Willkie flew to Britain to see for himself how Britain was standing up to the war, and he returned to U.S.A. full of praise for the indomitable spirit of the people.

CARBON AND DISTRICT NEWS NOTES

POR SALE—Registered Victory Autos, First Generation, cleaned to No. 1 seed grade. Crop Reg. Certificate No. 43057, 96% performance, 50c per bushel.—Jos. Hefferman, Grainer, 2100, 2nd St. S.W.

STAYED—To my farm, 2 roan yearlings, 2 red heifers and 1 black heifer.—Mrs. Goudie, Carbon.

AC2 Wm. Harvey of the Royal Canadian Air Force, spent the week end in Carbon with his mother and sister, and left Monday for Calgary to return to duty.

Alex Reid has sold one of his sheep dogs to Herbert Nicholson of Olds. Mr. Nicholson was down Sunday to get the canine.

Donald Sobey is back to school again after having a tonal operation a couple of weeks ago.

C.J. Thorburn returned Saturday after spending the past nine months visiting in New Brunswick, and he is at present visiting in Carbon with his brother, Ross Thorburn.

Skies have been smoky at times the past few days, due to a number of forest fires in the Rocky Mountain House region.

The assistant job at the local C.P.R. Depot has been taken over by Mr. Nicholson and J.C. Spencer is taking a forced holiday. John expects Carbon shortly on another assignment.

Mr. and Mrs. Torrance motored to Calgary Sunday and brought out their daughter, Elsie, who has been ill.

Mr. C. Friesen and Meridel of Stettler were Carbon visitors Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Nash.

Miss Leona Gervais arrived last week and is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. G. Trepanier.

Mr. and Mrs. J.H. Oliphant, Myrtle and Bill Oliphant spent last Thursday in Calgary.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT REVIEWED WEEKLY BY MAJOR H.G.L. STRANGE

Some persons, it seems, are objecting to the payments by the Dominion Government to our Western wheat growers of any sum as a bonus either for summer-fallow land or for any other reason. The chief argument used by these critics is that the present surplus wheat situation has been brought about mainly by the insistence in recent years of Western wheat growers to increase their acreages.

The official statistics do not bear out this claim. The average annual acreage sown to wheat for the past six years has been 25,200,460, whereas the similar average annual acreage sown to wheat for the six immediate preceding years, 1929 to 1934, was 24,910,201, an increase in the annual acreage for the past six years of 287,259 acres only, or just over 1 per cent.

This is an almost insignificant increase, particularly when it is considered that since 1929 the world's population has increased by at least ten per cent, and that the world's consumption of wheat since 1929 has actually increased by 5.3 percent.

It is quite evident, therefore, that the present condition of the Western wheat industry, with its unusual surplus and the sad plight of our farmers, has certainly not been brought about by any increase in wheat acreage in recent years.

MRS. HENRIETTA GAMBLE DIES IN CALGARY, AGED 80

The woman after whom the Gamble school, four miles north of Carbon, was named, Mrs. Henrietta Gamble, died in a Calgary hospital April 26th, at the age of 80 years.

Mrs. Gamble was born in Drayton, Ont., and came to the Carbon district in 1909, settling on the farm now occupied by G.C. McCracken.

She lived in the Carbon district for two years, and in 1910 moved to Calgary to reside, the farm being sold at the time to S.N. Wright.

Her husband, William John, died in April 1936.

Deceased was a member of the First Baptist church in Calgary and had acted as deaconess at various times. She was a past president of the ladies' aid and was prominent in the church's mission work.

Surviving the three daughters, Mrs. J. F. Sutherland, Mrs. M. Williams, both of Calgary; Mrs. J.A. Hill, Ponoka, Alta.; two sons, James, Rocky Mountain House, and William, Wainwright, Alberta.

Funeral services were conducted on Monday, April 28th, from James P. McNeil-Hughes, Calgary, with Dr. A.C. Archibald officiating.

CARBON AND DISTRICT NEWS NOTES

Mr. and Mrs. Garnet Tighe of Didsbury spent the week end visiting with Mrs. Elsie Thorburn.

Mr. A. Hay is visiting at Sylvan Lake with Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Hay.

Local dog owners who have not purchased licenses, are advised to take heed to an official notice in this issue of The Chronicle.

Golf fees are now due and payable either to the secretary, or to the membership committee, consisting of J.J. Harvey and Otto Schiele. Correspondence is planned on the greens and approaches and funds are urgently needed to carry on these improvements.

Mr. H. Larsen has returned to Carbon and has resumed his duties as teacher of Room 3 of Carbon school.

THRESHING ALMOST DONE AND SEEDING WELL UNDER WAY IN CARBON DISTRICT

Some Damage Done Due to Winter Weather

Threshing of stooked and combined grain has been proceeding in full swing in all parts of the district where crop was left over from last fall, and much of the harvesting has now been completed. Grain in some areas suffered badly due to winter weather and is grading low, with loss of considerable weight per bushel.

Seeding, on the other hand, has been held up on account of the threshing, but others report considerable acreage sown, and some have already completed their wheat seeding.

Hot, dry weather the past few weeks has dried the fields and under present conditions the seeding in this section of the province will be completed ahead of the fields in other spring regions greatly delayed spring farm operations.

INTERMEDIATE C.G.I.T. GIRLS STAGE PLAY AND QUIZ PROGRAM FRIDAY

The Intermediate C.G.I.T. girls, under the direction of Miss Marjorie Leitch, staged a three-act play entitled "Look Who's Here" in the Farmers Exchange hall on Friday night and a fair crowd greeted the players, who are to be congratulated on their performance.

Those taking part in the play were: Jean Heath, Betty Woods, Betty Goss, Gladys Smith, and the Golds, Peggy Stanfield, Donald Martin, Vernon "Aif" and Louis Gobe.

Following the play Friday night a "Quiz" program was conducted under the direction of B.C. Downey, and the following were prize winners: Mrs. Torrance, Donald Williamson, Mrs. Heath, with the grand prize going to Mrs. Chas. Martin.

RED CROSS AIDS RAID VICTIMS

Stunned victims of the worst air raid on London last week, received large quantities of food, clothing and blankets from the Canadian Red Cross immediately after the Nazi Blitzhead.

The Society's Overseas Commissioner, C.A. Scott, called Headquarters Thursday that one thousand civilian victims of the disaster at a single borough, found Canadian supplies ready for them as they emerged shocked and terrified from the disaster area.

In the early hours of the morning officials called on the Canadian Red Cross for immediate assistance, and 1500 blankets were loaded onto lorries and speeded into the disaster area.

The food included soup, stew, hash, cheese and jam. All other London boroughs affected by the raid also received Canadian assistance, the Commissioner revealed.

Send or bring in any news items that you may know of. The Chronicle is always glad to get good news items and in many cases these are only available from the people involved.

— WIN A FREE Congoleum Gold-Sea Rug —

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GROWN IN SUNNY, SOUTHERN ONTARIO

Sacrifices Here And There

The Canadian national income for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912 has been officially estimated at \$5,950,000,000, close enough to call it six billion dollars. During the same fiscal year, the people of this country will make a direct contribution towards the war effort of an estimated \$1,450,000,000 and an indirect contribution of \$1,350,000,000 representing Great Britain's estimated deficit on her account for war materials supplied by this country to her during the same period.

A little mental arithmetic shows that these combined contributions of the people of this country towards smothering Nazism during the current fiscal year will cost the people of this country approximately 44 per cent. of the Canadian national income.

When to this is added the very substantial sums that have been contributed and one can be sure will continue to be contributed, by way of purely voluntary effort for the support and comfort of the armed forces of our own country and of Great Britain, for the assistance of refugees and victims of aggression in the Old Land and elsewhere and for other kindred objectives, Canadians have every reason to feel that they are not taking a back seat.

Indeed, in the light of such a war record, to quote Prime Minister McKenna King on the third reading of the war appropriations bill, "without boasting and without vainglory, we may all take pride in the vision, the unity, the resolution and the achievement of the Canadian people."

Yes, that is quite accurate and entails considerable sacrifices, sacrifices which the people of Canada are quite willing to make to ensure that ultimately right shall prevail over might, and there is no guarantee that Canada may have to make even greater sacrifices than payment of 44 per cent. of the national income before the goal is finally reached.

In Great Britain

After all, when one compares the lot of the average Canadian with that of his relatives and friends who are bearing the brunt of the shock of battle in Great Britain, a contribution of 44 per cent. of the national income is not excessive.

Despite this contention, it is a fair assumption that practically every resident of this country will, during the fiscal year 1914-15, enjoy three hearty, square meals a day with a free range choice of diet, not only in quantity but in variety; that every Canadian child will be able to enjoy a good night's sleep every night throughout the year, without fear of being crushed to death with the collapse of his house under a rain of bombs; that no Canadian will suffer from exposure for lack of sufficient clothing to keep him warm.

In the Motherland, on the other hand, not only are the people willingly and cheerfully devoting one half of their income to the prosecution of the war, but they are suffering dietary inconveniences which the well-fed Canadian would find irksome, to say the least. They are existing on reduced rations of meat to conserve space in ocean bottoms for much needed war materials. Consumption of butter has been cut very sharply and the use of some other food commodities has been materially curtailed or has disappeared entirely. On top of that, they never know when they retire for the night whether they will live to see another day.

If in these respects the Canadian is better off than his friends and allies in the United Kingdom, his lot is infinitely superior, more tolerable and more enjoyable than that of the freedom-loving peoples of other European countries, now under the grinding heel of the ruthless Nazi conqueror.

And In Norway

In illustration one has only to cite the predicament in which the people of Norway find themselves after one year of Hitler's rule. In that country, where conditions are not yet as harsh as in Poland, a huge army of occupation, estimated at 300,000 men, continue to requisition meat, eggs and other foods, and the Norwegian puppet-Nazis have first pick. A letter received in Great Britain from friends in Norway states that "meat can scarcely be found anywhere, and even farmers who have pigs are not allowed to use them for their own families." Bread is made with no many ingredients that it tastes like cardboard, and "as for real food, that can't be bought in the stores."

In northern Norway where fish is the staple support of the population, fishermen cannot get gasoline for their boats, and the country's supply of dried stock fish, 7,000 tons, has been seized while all domestic meats of kipfish have been stopped. Germany wants kipfish to use in bartering for products needed by the Reich, so they have demanded 10,000 tons for themselves and 9,000 tons for Italy, despite the fact that Norway's entire supply of kipfish is only 15,000 tons.

An inkling of the clothing situation in Norway is given by the author of another letter received in Great Britain in which the writer says "You can't think of buying anything without a ration card, not even thread, yarn or a tiny piece of cloth. We get 300 coupons per year in our card, but a dress requires 150 coupons and a little yarn 30 coupons. Men can buy only one suit or overcoat a year. I am in despair when I think how many coupons it takes just to buy stockings for the boys."

It is well that fortunate Canadians who are asked to contribute 44 per cent. of the national income to "fight the good fight" should think of the plight of these people in other lands, when they open their purse strings.

Visitors To National Parks

Total Greatly Increased During Fiscal Year Ended March 31

The total number of visitors to the national parks of Canada during the fiscal year ended March 24 showed an increase of 17.2 per cent. over the preceding year, it was indicated in a statement received at Calgary by Robert J. C. Stead, superintendent of information at the national parks bureau, Ottawa.

Sea Water Harvested

A person adrift at sea will live longer by taking no water at all than by drinking sea water. Sea water is so salty that, while the kidneys are eliminating the excess salts, water from the blood plasma is lost, thus hastening death.

Chile Is Large Country

Chile, if placed on the west coast of North America, would reach from Sitka, Alaska, to a point opposite Mexico City. The country is 60 to 200 miles wide and 2,600 miles long.

Italians In France

Replacing Germans But Coast Protection Extracted To Nazis

The British Broadcasting Corporation quoted a report by the "independent" French news agency that German main troops in occupied France are being replaced by Italians. The message said large contingents already in Italy, but no Italians will be entrusted with the protection of the coast.

For A People At War

"Out of the gloom of the anomalies and paradoxes of the world situation, the people of England lead the list with their tenacity and courage, inspired no doubt by the retirement through Dunkirk."—Hon. Than Campbell, premier of Prince Edward Island.

Ontario mines produced gold and silver valued at \$109,508,900 during 1939.

Consider It Hard Luck

But Canadians Long Wait For Action Means Greater Efficiency

Canadian troops "with ordinary luck" would have been in action against the enemy before the Australians, Maj. Gen. R. J. Collins said in a broadcast from London.

After relating what "this long weary waiting for a fight" meant to the Canadians, Maj. Gen. Collins said that "with ordinary luck they should have been sure of getting going before the Amateurs... instead of which the Aussies finished one of the most successful campaigns before the Canadian even had a chance to show their fire."

The brief sortie into France without contacting the enemy "only made it worse," he said. "All the same I'm sure they'd agree, if you ask them, that they are 100 per cent. more fit today to take on the Hun than they were when they landed." Under Lt.-General McNaughton's inspiring drive and leadership they have made great progress."

Large Outlays

Canadian Red Cross Has Spent \$120,371.00 For Comfort Of Fighting Forces

For the aid of men of the British Navy and of other numerous seamen of the merchant marine in and out of very busy eastern seaports of Canada, the Red Cross has made very large outlays.

For a hotel of 150 beds requiring extensive furnishing and now operated by the Y.M.C.A. for the enlargement of an army hotel of 250 beds now conducted by the Salvation Army for canvas equipment for the Knights of Columbus, a total of \$60,000 was spent. For these institutions so much needed by the men, money had to be found quickly. The Red Cross was very glad to make the foundation investments so that other organizations might assume operation of them, and as they now continue.

For an extensive Navy yards elsewhere in Canada, requiring rebuilding of premises, enlargement and furnishing, a further \$20,000 was spent in the early part of 1940. In addition, for supplies for these institutions, camp clothing for men in large numbers coming from the ships in cold weather, and the hospital equipment and garments required in eastern naval army hospital hospitals, goods to the value of \$40,371 were supplied at a time when they were immediately needed and no other source could provide them in such ready and large quantities.

At a meeting of early April the Red Cross decided to make a very serious need for a new canteen and recreation building in Halifax for the men of all sea services. As it required \$20,000, this amount was readily voted.

Despite His Handicap

Lord Halifax Takes An Active Part In Various Sports

Lord Halifax's grandfather was a Chancellor of the Exchequer and married a daughter of a Premier, and his father became the recognized leader of the High Anglican movement. Like the ex-Kaiser, Lord Halifax, now British ambassador to the United States, has a withered left arm. Nevertheless he acted for a time as colonel of the Yorkshire Dragoons, and hunts and plays tennis despite this handicap—News of the World.

Young Home Guards

A 14-year-old youth of Edinburgh, Scotland, claims he is the youngest member of the Home Guard in Great Britain, refuting similar claims of two 15-year-olds boys in England.

Vancouver, British Columbia, is farther north than the city of Quebec.

ENERGY TO LAUGH

Add To Milk—Serve on Pudding—Spread on Bread and Butter

Beehive Golden Syrup

Have Made Early Start

Survey Party Of Geologists On Way To Northern Location

The year's first survey party of geologists to hunt for new mineral deposits which would help Canada's war effort is already on its way to the Northwest Territories.

It is headed for a location north of Yellowknife and the unusually early start has been made so that the party may reach its destination before the spring breakup, thereby gaining more than two weeks in the field.

The party is headed by A. W. Jolliffe, geologist of the department of mines and resources and is the first of more than 50 parties which will go out across Canada as soon as warm weather sets in.

Department spokesman declined to make public the mineral outcroppings that has taken Mr. Jolliffe and his associates north so early a date but admitted if the geologist found favorable indications there a development of mines and resources would be of considerable assistance in wartime production, particularly of steel.

Not To Be Deceived

Good Story About Norwegian Fisherman And Two Nazis

News of Norway says the inhabitants of a small fishing village in one of the fjords of Western Norway recently witnessed the forced landing of an airplane a few hundred yards from shore. One of the local fishermen set out by rowing to the shore and two pilots who were floundering in the water.

A crowd on shore watched the fishermen pick up the two airmen and start for land. But suddenly he pulled his oars in, grappled with the two men and threw them overboard. When he reached shore the sheriff questioned him.

"Why in blazes did you throw those men into the fjord?"

"They turned out to be Germans. I first thought they were British. But did you know that? Weren't they alive when you tossed them overboard?"

"Well, one of them said he was alive, but you know how these Nazis lie. . . ."

SELECTED RECIPES

CRUMB PIE SHELL

1/2 cup butter
 1/4 cup sugar
 1/2 cup fine corn flake crumbs
 Melt butter in pie pan. Add sugar and crumbs; mix thoroughly. Press mixture evenly over bottom and sides and bottom of pan. Chill before using filling.

*Roll or grind 4 cups Kellogg's corn flakes to yield 1 cup fine crumbs.

Lemon Chiffon Pie with Crumb Shell

1 crumb pie shell
 1/2 teaspoon gelatin
 1/2 cup cold water
 4 eggs, separated
 1 teaspoon grated lemon rind
 1/2 cup lemon juice
 1/2 teaspoon salt
 1 cup sugar
 Prepare crumb pie shell; chill. (See below.)
 Beat eggs slightly in top of double boiler; add lemon rind, lemon juice, salt and half the sugar; stir and cook over hot water until of custard consistency. Add soaked gelatin and stir often while custard cooks. When mixture begins to congeal, add stiffly beaten egg whites to which other half of sugar has been added. Pour into crumb pie shell and chill in refrigerator one hour or until filling is firm enough to cut.

TOMATO RABBIT

1/2 lb Canadian cheese
 1/2 teaspoon dry mustard
 1/2 teaspoon pepper
 2 cups drained, canned tomatoes
 Salt
 6 Holland Rusk
 In the upper section of a double boiler put diced cheese and add mustard and pepper. When cheese is melted, add tomato pulp and salt and serve on rusk. Six portions.

Bole With Royalty

John Rutherford, remembered on Revelstoke, B.C. divisions as the "royal" engineer who shared his cab with the King and Queen on May 28, 1939, made his last run on Sunday, March 30, climbing a 45-year railway career starting in Scotland with the Caledonian railway and extending, since 1903, to the Canadian Pacific Railway at Revelstoke.

Large Number Traced

Annually, 25,000 persons disappear in England. Of this number, 4,200 disappear from London alone. Police records over a period of 10 years show that only about 2,000 never are traced.

Amazon flies, used to combat the sugar-cane borer, have been flown by air express from the upper Amazon River to the West Indies.

A toad may live a year without food.

Feel that surface

*—It's dry and safe—looks level—
 —It's dry, sticky or slippery.*

You can tell with the tips of your fingers that the new O-Cedar polished floor is better and safer.

Mr. Jolliffe's floor is safe, warm, levelly lustrous that feels dry—It's dry, slippery or greasy. Doesn't attract dirt and it doesn't scuff.

The New O-Cedar
 FURNITURE POLISH
 Containing "NYRONE"

Increase Is Necessary

Bureau Of Statistics Sees Need For Higher Milk Production

Necessarily for increased milk production this year to supply the great quantities of dairy products needed for export to the United Kingdom and to take care "of the large domestic consumption of butter consequent on greater employment" was seen by the Dominion Bureau of statistics.

Feathers of a bird, instead of covering the entire body, occupy restricted areas and only lap over the bare patches.

Germany is salvaging old tin cans and drastically limiting the use of tin generally.

NO TEMPORARY RELIEF FOR ME...THROUGH WITH CONSTITUTION!

Yes, thousands of people suffering from constipation due to lack of the right kind of "bulk" in their diet have been able to say the same thing. For now there is a sensible way to correct this condition... and far better than cathartics, which only give temporary relief.

If you suffer from this common trouble, try eating delicious KELLLOGG'S ALL-BRAN!

Available in two convenient sizes at all grocers! Made by Kellogg's in London, Canada.

WAS A FOOL

Para-San

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 WAREHOUSES AT
 WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON

"Culinary cleanliness is my pet obsession—but I never thought of being choosy about waxed paper—what I daily wrapped Sonny's lunch in, for instance."

Must ON

NEXT TO FOOD—ITS BEST

Britain Plans To Preserve Buildings Of Historic Interest Damaged By Bombs

With the object of preserving wherever possible buildings of historic interest in Britain which have been injured by German bombs, the Minister of Works has appointed a panel of architects whom it is hoped the local authorities will consult before beginning the work of demolition.

Where complete restoration is impossible the Ministry urges that care should be taken to retrieve valuable fragments—panelling, fireplaces, carved beams, and the like. This important kind of salvage work will be greatly assisted by the National Buildings Record, which is being compiled by the Royal Institute of British Architects.

For many years the work of making an index of records of buildings preserved in England and Wales had been undertaken by the Institute. The present emergency made it desirable to extend this work by the compilation of a record of architecturally important buildings, especially those in areas which most liable to damage from air raids.

The record is also to include buildings of artistic interest, such as those which are destroyed by bombing. A rapid survey of such structures is to be taken before demolition begins, so as to be able to lose the buildings we may at least have a written and possibly illustrated memory of.

A more prosaic kind of salvage but one which makes a substantial contribution towards the war effort, is that which has been undertaken upon by Mr. Judd, the Controller of Salvage under the Minister of Supply.

The Controller of Salvage, Mr. Harold G. Judd, said recently that houses last year helped to build 16,000 tanks, and metal to build 100,000 guns. About 100,000 tons of material were sent back to industry for £2,200,000. If that material had been imported it would have filled 100 ships.

Each piece of paper, he said, is being put in to the refuse bin, and often when paper was put aside separately for collection after meals were put into the bundle, causing much trouble in sorting. They had found mouth-wash and even a dead dog among paper. Litter was still disgusting our streets and open spaces, and far too much paper was being used for fire lighting.

Apart from newspapers, there was a vast amount of material, such as old books, magazines, music, and office records which should be put out gradually or in response to local appeals. Rags and metal were for packing into roof felt and window coverings for bombed houses, into blankets, clothing, and certain kinds of paper.

Mr. Judd pointed out that in addition to the 250,000 tons of metal obtained from soldiers' rifles, from village dumps and the railways campaign had brought in thousands of tons. Over 100,000 tons of metal were put by councils to industry. The possibilities of mobile crushers for country districts to flatten tin are being considered, but if people open both ends of the tin it can easily be flattened.

"We must recover more waste paper, more scrap metal, more kitchen bones, and kitchen waste," he said. "Every scrap saved means money, labor, and material saved, and needless risk of life at sea avoided."

Rags too should be kept clean, and another kind of "waste" which can be made good use of consists of bones. From these glycerine and fertilizers are made. Few people know that exhausted trolly batteries can be made use of; an urgent request is made for them.

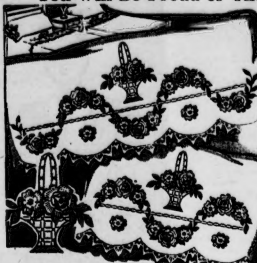
Perhaps the most important appeal made by Mr. Judd is to the local council which has not yet made adequate arrangements for collection. Without the help of the councils housewives can do little.—Manchester Guardian.

Good Pest Destroyer
A full-grown gopher snake, on a midwest farm, is estimated to be worth \$40 annually as a pest destroyer. There are valuable to farmers because of the great number of harmful rodents that go to make up their menu.

Nowhere in the world but in England could it happen. A man taking his two dogs for their evening exercise in the midst of the bombing of Plymouth.

The northernmost point in the United States is Lake of the Woods Minn.

You Will Be Proud of These



Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Yarns
Laces
Scarves
Lovelier for This Needlework

PATTERN 6993

Pleasant dreams are assured when sheets and pillow cases are embroidered with these lovely flower motifs. The crocheted edging is easy, too. Pattern 6993 contains a transfer pattern of a motif 7 1/2 x 10 1/2 inches; 2 motifs 7 1/2 x 12 1/2 inches; directions for edging; illustrations of stitches; materials needed.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Avenue, E., Winnipeg.

There is an Alice Brooks pattern book published.

When Law Proved Gentle

Medical Help Given Indian Instead Of Warrant For Arrest

The strong arm of the law proved gentle when an overseer setting out to arrest an Indian near Echo Lake, Ont., returned to seek medical care for the family.

Armed with a warrant for the arrest of Jimmy Rock, Indian trapper, on charges of illegal fur-trading, overseer L. A. Dent of the provincial game and fisheries department set out on the 100-mile trek northward to James Bay.

Arriving at the Indian's home, the overseer found the family ill and starving. Rock's mother's daughter was in an especially serious condition.

Instead of serving the warrant, the overseer returned and arranged for medical aid, and the Indian never seen a case of such abject poverty.

Food and medicine was despatched immediately on the 100-mile trip by dog-sled and snowshoe.

The area is said to be one of the richest trapping grounds in the world. Rock said he had been treated unfairly by Ontario fur-dealers, and consequently began taking his pelts across the provincial boundary. The charges of illegal sale followed.

Name For Sea Battle

Victory Over Italian Fleet Called "Battle Of Cape Matapan"

After consultation with Admiral Sir Andrew Cunningham, commander of the Greek Peloponnese, Fleet, the Admiralty has decided that the Ionian Sea naval victory over the Italian fleet will be known officially as the "Battle of Cape Matapan."

Cape Matapan is the southern extremity of the Greek Peloponnese, off which several of the Italian ships were engaged and sunk.

Part Played By The Blind

Should Be Given A Chance To Serve In The War Effort

Doctor J. J. Macdonald, Superintendent of the Quebec division of the National Institute for the Blind, says that the blind should be given a chance to serve the war effort.

The superintendent maintains that by giving handicapped persons a chance, non-handicapped persons can be freed for other tasks.

As proof of the capabilities of the blind, Doctor Macdonald cites the case of a man who is working on an assembly line in a Montreal steel firm, and another who repairs all the furniture for a local hotel.

Doctor Macdonald asks for a chance for the blind in these words: "Let those who are handicapped march with you others on the splendid march to victory and freedom. We won't gain the works of your machinery, or spoil your product or let down your price. We know exactly what we can do and how we can do it, and we ask no greater privilege and can know no greater pride than to make our contribution to our country's service in this day of real need and real opportunity."

Want Seabirds Protected

How difficult the fog situation in Norway is rapidly becoming can be seen in the appeal that has been made by the Norwegian Society for Protection of Animals to the Oslo government for protection of seabirds that hungry Norwegians are hunting so extensively that there is a danger the auks and other birds may altogether disappear.

Service For Palaces
Patrons of Berlin's post office insert coins in the slots of post office typewriters for 10 minutes, thus doing away with post office pens.

CANADIAN WAR SERVICES IN ACTION



Lives of Canada's fighting men are made cheasier by volunteer war services of the kind shown above. In (1) a soldier father and his young son are reunited at a Hostess House at Camp Borden, Ontario. (2) Shows men of the two senior services engaged in a friendly game of checkers in one of the centres maintained by Canadian War Services in London, England. (3) Canadian troops miles from camp enjoying a hot drink served from mobile tea carts. These are a few of the services provided by the Canadian Legion, I.O.O.F., Knights of Columbus, Salvation Army, Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A., whose appeal to the "folks back home" for funds with which to carry on their work this year started on March 24th.

Some Facts And Figures Of Cost To The Dominion Of Canada's War Effort

Star Now A Dwarf

Explosion Nearly 6,000 Years Ago

Was Recalled By Chinese

Astronomer Edwin Hubble reports evidence uncovered about the finale of the greatest known cataclysm in the universe—the explosion of a star. After burning with the brilliance of several hundred million suns, the star collapsed and becomes a very hot, extreme case of a white dwarf.

Dr. Rudolph L. Minkowski, using the 100-inch Mount Wilson telescope, made this finding by recording the spectrum of what is left of a supernova—great star explosion—that occurred nearly 6,000 years ago.

This finding is a milestone in nine centuries of astronomical research bearing on this cataclysm.

The star explosion was witnessed from the earth in the year 1054. Ancient Chinese reports gave the clues by which the great telescope of today was pointed to what is left of the supernova. It is in the Crab nebula.

It is so far away that it took the light of the explosion about 8,000 years to reach the earth—travelling some 30,000,000,000,000 miles.

So great was this explosion that gas clouds from it have been expanding for nearly 90 years at a speed of 800 miles per second.

Nearly 100 years ago an examination of old Chinese records revealed an entry in 1054 that a Nova appeared near the star Zeta Tauri and remained visible several months.

Old Japanese chronicles recorded this exploding star as comparable in brilliance, as seen from the earth, with the planet Jupiter.

Another such star explosion was seen from the earth in 1572, a supernova known as Tycho's, reported by Tycho Brahe, Danish astronomer. It appeared from the earth view in daylight, but since telescopes were unknown at the time, the subsequent history of that dying star remains a mystery. The great telescopes of today have found no traces of it.

Sight Seeing Bus

London Buses Make Tour Of The Battlegrounds

Glit condors of London buses are familiarly called "Clippies" for they clip or punch the tickets. One day Ellen Sayers, the writer, boarded a bus and asked how much her ticket would be to New Oxford street.

"Three pence and no extra charge for the tour around the battlegrounds," said the clipper with a smile. Miss Sayers tells of it in her "London—Unlabeled Heroes."

At the next corner an old and nervous-looking lady climbed on. Anti-aircraft fire brightened the sky. The clipper patted her and said, "Don't worry, the show's free. Ypres to the left—the Marne to the right—but this bus goes right to the end of the line."

On third reading of the \$1,300 million war appropriations bill, Prime Minister Mackenzie King outlined to the House of Commons what Canada has done in 18 months of war. Here are some points:

In the Army, Navy and Air Force together, Canada has a quarter of a million men on active service. This does not include 175,000 in the army reserve. A Canadian army corps, Canadian destroyers and Canadian air squadrons sharing in the defence of Britain. Canada's navy and air force doing their part to keep open vital sea lanes of the North Atlantic. Canadian garrisons on guard in Iceland, Newfoundland and the West Indies. Canadian engineers strengthening the defences of Gibraltar. Canadian warships, of which only 15 ships at the outbreak of war now have over 180. Nearly 60 military training camps distributed across the country. Under British Commonwealth Air Training Plan, some 80 establishments already in operation.

Canada's outright contribution as a belligerent is being put in full by the Canadian people. It is not feared that Canada's contribution will be less than that of the United States.

In addition to her own war effort, Canada is a major source of supply for Great Britain. Since the war began, the British Government has made under a number of capital advances of over \$200,000,000 for the production of munitions of war, raw materials and agricultural products to Britain during the last 12 months.

In the fiscal year beginning April 1, Britain's deficit in her balance of payments with Canada has been estimated at \$1,150 million. Canada must provide Britain with Canadian dollars to meet this deficit either by purchasing Canadian dollars or by accumulating sterling balances.

On September 15, 1939, to the end of February 1941, United Kingdom's deficit with Canada amounted to approximately \$373 million. Of this British Canada's gross exports were 45 per cent, by reparation of services, 21 per cent, by accumulating sterling balances in London and only 24 per cent, by transfer of gold. During the six months' period ended February 28 last, Canada's net exports to Britain were \$359 million. Canada financed the whole of that deficit except \$65,000,000 covered by gold shipments.

Since early part of September no gold received from Great Britain.

Taking the national income of the United States at \$80,000 million, Canada's estimated war expenditure, direct and indirect in 1941-42 is equivalent to an expenditure by the United States in the single year of about \$25,000 million. Canada's financial assistance to Great Britain in the fiscal year 1941-42 is equivalent, in comparable American terms, to something over \$10,000 million a year.

In terms of United States population, 250,000 Canadian on active service are equivalent to an armed strength in the United States of over 2,500,000 men. This does not include Canada's reserve army for home defence.

Exhibited In New York

Bronze Bust Is Artist's Conception Of John Buchan, the Author

A bronze bust of the late John Buchan by Suzanne Silvercray, sculptor and lecturer of New York, is on exhibition in the gallery of the London Club, Canadian trade commission in Rockefeller center, New York.

The bust is the property of Lady Tweedsmuir and was done from life in Government House, Ottawa, about six months before the government's death. It is the artist's conception of John Buchan, the author, who has been a great influence on an entirely different impression of the man than one sees in Miss Silvercray's portrait bust of him as the over-ambitious of Canada in his bed-matted uniform.

This particular portrait will remain in New York for some time as it is considered safe to ship it to England.

An automobile that is streamlined perfectly for a speed of 30 miles an hour is not streamlined perfectly for a speed of 60 miles an hour.

Chantrelle

Shore Burning
CIGARETTE PAPERS
NONE FINER MADE

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Dr. Annie Jump Cannon, of Harvard, most famous woman astronomer in the world, died recently in hospital at Cambridge, Mass.

R. H. Wolvin, president of the Port Arthur Shipbuilding Company, announced the company had received a contract through the government for construction of six twin-screw minesweepers.

The Italian Government declared Italy and Germany promised Yugoslavia the city and port of Salonika. Then, when Yugoslav leaders, later, overthrown, signed the Axis pact at Vienna.

The British Broadcasting Corporation reported that German plans for the Balkans as outlined by a Berlin correspondent of a Spanish news agency, call for wiping Yugoslavia off the map.

First shipment of 4,800 parcels of food for British and Canadian prisoners of war in Germany from the Canadian Red Cross has arrived at Geneva, officers of the society at Montreal were advised by cable.

Because of a shortage of cigarettes, officers and men are unofficially rationed to 10 smokes daily. Lt. Col. R. A. D. Allott, western command supervisor for the navy, army and air force installation, announced at London.

Paul Brewster, agent in the United States for British Overseas Airways, said that his corporation, through its operating company, Airways Atlantic, hopes to build a line of giant flying boats soon between Britain and New York with a stop in Canada.

Gardening

Tender vegetables are quickly grown. A check by dry weather or anything else invariably causes woodiness. To eliminate this, use experienced market gardeners push their plants along with frequent applications of commercial fertilizer. This must be applied carefully so as to be close to, but not actually touching, stems and roots.

Watering of courgettes will keep vegetable gardens growing in dry weather, but where soil is dry and hose is not available one can keep things moving with culture alone. This conserves moisture in two ways. It kills weeds that use up water and it checks evaporation by the soil. For this cultivation a small hoe is almost essential but there are other good tools, as well. A little three-pronged wire cultivator will dig wonders around and under growing flowers and vegetables. A Dutch hoe which is shovelled about an inch under the soil will cultivate a hundred feet or so of perennial bed in 30 minutes.

Rock Gardens

Primarily rock gardens are used to transform some difficult portion of a garden into a place of beauty and charm. Where the ground slopes away so rapidly that rain washes away the soil and grass will not grow, the new kind of gardening helps, and it also forms a pleasing connection for rough land leading up to woodland at the back of the garden proper.

These special plots are made to resemble miniature alpine ranges, and in them alpine flowers are grown. Such are usually tiny plants, sprouting things, that require little moisture during most of the year. They are specially listed in the better seed catalogues. To hold the sharply sloping soil, fair size rocks of the roughest possible nature, preferably weather beaten boulders, are piled to about two-thirds their depth irregularly throughout the plot. Deep pockets of sandy soil are arranged between the rocks. The flowers find a foothold here and trail over the boulders.

For Special Locations

Because one's garden is too shaded, too sunny or too wet, is no longer sufficient excuse for doing without a flower garden. There are, as a matter of fact, flowers to be planted in any location. Some actually like damp soil, some in some full sun, others in shady corners. Certain types do best in deep, rich soil, while some actually seek the poorest soils. Special lists and diskettes will be found mentioned in the better Canadian seed catalogues, and if your garden is unusual in location it is advisable to make special selection. Indeed, there are flowers to suit even the most indifferent of gardeners, some that really grow themselves regardless of neglect.

A Pleasant Habit
DAILY MAIL
CIGARETTES

War In Kenya

Interesting Items Sent By The British Ministry Of Information

Forty-seven per cent. of the settlers over eighteen and under eighty are in uniform.

Wrecked Italian airmen kept themselves alive for 12 days by eating raw tortoiseshell and drinking water collected in elephants' footprints. The Italians were captured by unarmoured Africans and an Arab with an elephant.

Coming back from a raid on Abyssinia, a South African pilot landed in the dark on the back of an antelope.

Local operations were delayed when (a) an elephant sat on a land mine and (b) a buffalo bled a bandman into a tree.

The Masai tribe to whom cattle are currency and cash is nothing much have agreed to sell 1,600 head of cattle a month to the Government—and spontaneously decided to make a gift of 50 cents on each head as a gift to the War Chest.

An Underground Fortress

Soviet Army Newspaper Tells About Fortifications Like Maginot Line

A long description of a Soviet underground "Maginot" fortress, part of a line of steel and concrete fortifications on an unidentified frontier, was published in the army newspaper Red Star.

A special correspondent said he entered a fortress door concealed in a hillside and found a warm, well-lighted labyrinth with power plant dormitory and fire stations.

The guns and machine guns were said to be in a unit in a completely fortified zone of fire. The article was the first mention in the Soviet press of Soviet fortifications in several years.

Ship Without Rivets

Plates On Australian's Steel Motor Cruiser Are Welded

A steel motor cruiser with its plates welded together instead of being riveted is being built at Kalgoolie, Australia's famous gold-mining centre. "This is the first of the old business of shoving. Since the last war, I don't suppose I've done more than 30 shoves a day on the average. Now my assistant and myself do about fifty in a morning."

"Three of my oldest customers have brought back the mugs they kept in my shop 25 years ago," said another. "They say they cannot be bothered to hunt for blades, and come in every morning for a once-over."

HOME SERVICE

YOUR DREAMS MAY TELL SECRETS ABOUT YOURSELF

"On the day when my wedding occurred," Gordon the correction, he affirms such as marriages, receptions, dinners, and things of that sort 'wake place'. It is only calamities which 'occur'. You see the distinction?"

"Yes, I see. As I was saying, the day when my wedding occurred—"

"You'd better not go to work. You looked at the clock and it said 5 P.M. That dream, coming from the secret storehouse of your mind, may mean that you're trying to evade some responsibility. Or you fear that inefficiency (in life itself) is causing you to lose out."

"Another time you dream of pricing a hat, finding it costs a thousand dollars. Think! Maybe you're about to take some rash step; your better judgment is warning you. 'The price is too high!'"

"So, you see, you can really help when you take them to heart. You may dream of stains, inkspots, because you're feeling guilty about something. Thinking out what it is, and trying to help solve your problems. Our 32-page booklet gives the scientific explanations for several dreams—flying, falling off a cliff, running from wild animals and other typical dream situations. Tells why some dreams are 'prophecies'."

Send for a copy of this book for your copy of "The Meaning of Dreams" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

The following booklets are also available at the each:

- 140—How to Make Rock Gardens and Lily Pools.
- 144—Letter-Writing Made Easy.
- 146—How to Choose and Care for Your Dog.
- 147—How to Budget and Buy for Better Living.
- 151—Plus With Fortune Telling.
- 157—Decorative and Useful Things to Make With Paper.

Just Looked Fierce

R.A.F. Pilot Tells How He Captured 60 Armoured Italians

The story of a Royal Air Force pilot who took 60 armoured Italian prisoners with a concealed camera as his only "weapon" was one of the strangest experiences related after the fall of Tobruk.

The fighter pilot arrived at Tobruk just as the advance troops were moving in.

Hundreds of Italians were in the caves below the town. The pilot wandered in, got lost in the dark, and suddenly found himself in a cavern dimly lit by hurricane lamps. Sixty Italians were crowded there.

He thought quickly. He had no weapon and was not sure whether the Italians in the cave knew the garrison had surrendered. He shoved his hand into his tunic pocket, clutched at his miniature camera and pointed it through the cloth "gangster fashion."

"I put on a fierce expression," he said afterwards, "and remembering something I had heard an Italian officer say when he ordered his men to surrender I tried it. I snarled 'veni tutti' and they 'veni tutti'—"

"I discovered it meant 'come on, all of you.'"

"Anyway, they followed me out into the lights like lambs, but I bet they were no less frightened than I. I propose to stick to aerial activities in future—it's safer."

Old Custom Revived

Shaving Mugs Being Used Again In War-Time Britain

Nobody would have believed it possible, but the time has come to drag out the shaving mug from among dust and cobweb covered antiquaries in the attic and which it down to the barber shop—they're in style again in war-time Britain.

Barbers in London report a shaving boom because of a shortage of razor blades. Sixty-eight thousand shaving mugs are appearing on shelves. Girls wielding electric razors have been recruited to help meet the rash.

"I've put out my barber's pole, the centuries-old badge of my trade," said one barber. "The blades are in short supply. I've had to have the old business of shaving. Since the last war, I don't suppose I've done more than 30 shaves a day on the average. Now my assistant and myself do about fifty in a morning."

"Three of my oldest customers have brought back the mugs they kept in my shop 25 years ago," said another. "They say they cannot be bothered to hunt for blades, and come in every morning for a once-over."

Word Was Correct

"On the day when my wedding occurred," Gordon the correction, he affirms such as marriages, receptions, dinners, and things of that sort 'wake place'. It is only calamities which 'occur'. You see the distinction?"

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MATRON'S TRIM BUTTONED PROCK

By Anne Adams



4726

How much faster your chores seem to go when your working clothes are neat and trim! This Anne Adams dress—Pattern 4726—is made in becoming tailored style, so that you wear it about the house right now—just like in outdoors later. The shoving in front is smart, slimming and convenient. In the bodice, you go across to keep your shoulders smooth, with darts below to hold the fullness in plating. Notice the skirting—so good for minimizing your width-across. You might add patch pockets to further the good work. The collar would be best in white or light contrast, perhaps with cuffs to match. Make this shirtwaist in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, and Size 36 takes 3½ yards 25 inch fabric and ½ yard contrast. Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamp cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly: Size, Name, Address and Style Number. Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

Words Of Inspiration

"During my visit over there I was called to Downing Street for a chat with Mr. Churchill. I found him exactly as one pictures him—strong, fearless, determined, the stern, courageous, unflinching leader of his people, my more, the leader of all there is left of freedom in the world today."—Air Marshal W. A. Bishop, V.C.

If you think the art of conversation is dead, just let a few people drop in while you are trying to listen to your favorite radio program.

Young Englishmen once wore handkerchiefs, edged with gold, in their hats as gifts from young women.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

APRIL 27

THE EARLY CHURCH MEETING HUMAN NEEDS

Golden Text: And the multitude of them that believed were, one heart and soul. Acts 4:32.

Lesson: Acts 4:32-7:60.

Devotional reading: 1 John 3:13-18.

Explanations and Comments

Sharing Russia's Act: 4:32-35. Settled on the northwestern shore of the Dead Sea, and later in Palestine communities throughout Palestine in the time of the Early Church were the Essenes, a sect that literally had all things common. Each one deposited in a general treasury what ever money he possessed, of which several managers took charge, supplying from it the needs of all. In Egypt there was a Jewish sect called the Therapeutae, whose members gave away all their possessions when they joined the order, and there was among them no distinction of rich or poor. Here in our text it is said of the disciples at Jerusalem at that time that they were of one heart and soul, not one of them said that which he thought of the things which he possessed were his own, but they had all things common. With them, however, the giving up of possessions was voluntary (5:4); each one regarded his property as held in trust for others.

With great power the apostles testified to the resurrection of the Lord, and were upon them all. The proof of the divine grace was shown in the wonderful generosity of the Christian community, as need arose for assistance among the poor, those who had lands or houses sold them and brought the money received to the apostles to be used to be distributed. "Laid them at the apostles' feet" is figurative expression which doubtless arose from the Oriental custom of laying gifts at the feet of kings, and meant that the money was left in the apostles' hands.

"Do not miss the significance of verse 33. The apostles gave more money. Other riches had been committed to their care. They had something more precious than gold. It was the Gospel of the resurrection, the gospel of life, of pardon, peace and joy, and the gospel of power, and this they gave as well as other things." (John Gardner).

Kind To His Servants

Dean Swift Always Robuked Them In Amusing Way

Despite the fierceness of his pen, the famous Dean Swift was not without amiable qualities. He was particularly kind to his servants, and even when he had to rebuke them, he did it in such an amusing fashion that it took away the sting, while making it more certain to be remembered.

One evening a girl came to the table decorated overhead. Swift sent for the cook.

"Cook," he said, "take this munition to the kitchen, and do it less."

"But, sir," she replied in utter amazement, "that is impossible."

"Then for the future," said the Dean, "if you must commit faults, commit faults that can be mended."

Much Cotton Used

In the manufacture of 1,000,000 automobiles, 80,000,000 pounds of cotton are consumed for brake linings, timing gears, safety glass, etc. The cotton is the crop of 558,000 acres.

The Germans say there are ten million men in Paris. Really, Hitler's army must be larger than we had thought!

Health LEAGUE OF CANADA presents TOPICS OF VITAL INTEREST

CORONARY THROMBOSIS

Coronary thrombosis is far from being immediately fatal. Indeed the majority of patients, both public and private, are able to return to work following an attack, and remain in good health for many years. Dr. Masters and Dr. Calk, well-known clinicians of New York, have made a masterly analysis and report upon the subject which goes far in proving that the results, in a large series of cases, are most hopeful. Thus for example in 75 cases in private practice, 62 per cent. of them returned to their usual routine of life or work, 14 per cent. resumed light work and only eight per cent. were completely disabled.

A larger series of 415 patients, 185 private and 230 public ward cases who had sustained coronary occlusion and had survived the acute attack, made an excellent showing.

There were 342 women and 73 females. Of these 75 per cent. had suffered an attack, 22 per cent. a second attack and the remainder a third or 4th attack when first seen.

All types of occupation and all strata of society were represented. More than 90 per cent. of the patients were manual labourers while but 11 per cent. of the private patients were so employed.

More than 50 per cent. returned to work on full time. Half of this group resumed work within three months of discharge from the hospital, three-fourths within six months and nine-tenths within a year.

The professional and white collar classes resumed work more frequently than did persons engaged in manual work.

The younger the patient the likelier he will be to work. The percentage of women was about the same as men.

The worst feature in coronary thrombosis is the number of attacks. Thus it will be seen from the foregoing analysis that coronary thrombosis cases present a far from discouraging picture.

New Type Of Flour

Contains Seventy-Five Per Cent. Of The Necessary Vitamins

Dr. F. F. Tisdall, of Toronto, nutrition adviser to the federal department of national defence, told a Canadian club audience at Winnipeg that a new type of white flour which contains seventy-five per cent. necessary vitamins has been perfected by Dominion government researchers.

Speaking on development of wheat milling, Dr. Tisdall said that under Dr. H. L. Newman, Dominion cerealists a flour milled by a new process from constant wheat retains 75 per cent. of vitamins. Under other milling conditions white flour only retains about 15 per cent. of its vitamins. The experts in changing the milling process would be very little.

"If Canadians used the new type white flour in place of the old, they would receive for nothing, at drug store prices, \$54,000,000 of vitamin B one and over \$6,000,000 of other B vitamins in the course of one year," he said.

Dr. Tisdall said surveys by the department of pensions and national health showed that a considerable proportion of Canada's population was receiving the proper food. The people of Great Britain and Canada were properly fed, instead of a food shortage there would be a food shortage."

Proud Of Old Country

Reputation Of British Isles Was Never Higher In Australia

An officer of the mercantile marine just back from Australia declares that the reputation of this country has never stood so high there. He has it to appear in his uniform in the streets of the port cities to receive invitations to lunch, dinner, parties, motor runs, and other forms of hospitality.

The pride of Australians in the Old Country in the stand it is making is undoubtedly very touching.—News of the World.

THAT'S RIGHT!
MORE cigarettes in every 10
DAILY MAIL
CIGARETTES

PROBLEM OF WAR PURCHASES IN U.S. IS TO BE STUDIED

Washington.—Problems faced by Canada in financing war purchases in the United States will be the subject of intense study by treasury officials of the two countries in the next few weeks.

Exploratory negotiations already have started and the whole broad question is expected to be discussed at length by Prime Minister Mackenzie King and President Roosevelt.

Canada, it has been estimated here, faces a deficit in American dollars for purchases made in the United States, running perhaps \$300,000,000 or \$400,000,000 in the current fiscal year. It might be higher as a result of any big increase in British orders placed in Canada and involving financial transactions in the United States for which Canada would be responsible.

The prime minister had a conference with Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau, but it could not be learned what subjects were under review. Clifford Clark, Canada's deputy minister of finance, was in Washington for consultations on treasury matters.

In addition to seeing Morgenthau, the prime minister spent 10 minutes with Secretary of State Cordell Hull and had lunch with Vincent Halifax, British ambassador to the United States.

To handle the threatened deficit exploratory negotiations have been opened, although the Canadian government is having no difficulties at the moment.

There are at least four different ways that financial assistance could be extended to Canada:

1. Canada could come under provisions of the lend-lease act, military supplies being processed in American factories and loaded on ships bound for Canada in the same way that Britain operates. This plan probably will be adopted only as a last resort.
2. The neutrality act could be amended by congress to give Canada the right to float loans in the United States, a privilege denied to all belligerent nations.
3. Some arrangement might be made between Ottawa and London by which Canada would obtain gold or American dollars from the British government which could be passed on to Washington.
4. Canadian factories might be used to process armaments for the United States government and then be accumulated American dollars.

No Change in Policy

Turkey Not Negotiating Non-Aggression Pact With Germany

Istanbul.—The newspaper Yeni Saha declared that Turkey is not negotiating with Germany for a non-aggression pact as "a shadowy form of German propaganda."

It added: "This is the first time in a war of nerves and facing a very serious propaganda campaign. Almost always this kind of propaganda is followed by military attack."

"The fact that we retain a non-belligerent attitude must not be taken as a change in our policy. The other side chooses not to understand this and is trying to make it appear that Turkey will swing to the Axis."

Great Variety Of Articles

Are Being Turned Out In Canada

For War Purposes

Montreal.—Canadian manufacturing plants are turning out a variety of new articles since the outbreak of the war, John Eaton, head of the general purchasing branch of the department of munitions and supply, said in an address here.

Speaking before members of the Purchasing Agents Association of Montreal, Mr. Eaton said the items included field telephones, wireless equipment, naval stores, compasses, chemicals for laying smoke screens, chain cable, nautical clothing and gas-masks.

Ships For Britain

Four U.S. Cargo Vessels To Be Transferred

Washington.—The maritime commission has acquired four United States cargo ships for immediate transfer to Great Britain under the lend-lease act. It was the first transfer of cargo vessels under the act, and was announced by the maritime commission.

The four vessels will be registered under the British flag and they will be manned entirely by British officers and crews, the commission said.

War Saga

Australian Route Party Of Germans With Bayonet Charge

Tobruk, Libya, via Cairo.—A 23-year-old Australian soldier from Sydney has a war saga to tell of grandchildren that they'll never forget.

United Press Correspondent Jan Vridrich relates the story in probably the most graphic dispatch to come from Tobruk since the beginning of the Axis siege. He says the Australian soldier, with a patrol of six men, routed 40 Germans and killed 15 by himself, with his bayonet and rifle-butt.

The Aussie says he believes the Germans in hand-to-hand fighting are no better than the Italians. That in a scrap where it's every man for himself, they go to pieces.

This, thinks the Australian hero, may be because the Nazis are so well-trained.

The Germans were routed from a position inside the Australians' wire defences. Facing heavy machine-gun fire, the Australian soldiers and his patrol ran through the fire, then lay down 100 yards from the Germans, who were then surprised by their bayonets and rifle-bullets.

The Germans were armed with machine guns and automatics.

Bomb Bridge

R.A.F. Bombers Pace Terrible Barrage But Make A Thorough Job

London.—The attack made by Royal Air Force bombers on the bridge which spans the Vardar river at Vele in southern Yugoslavia was compared to the "epic assault by the R.A.F. on the Mauthausen bridge during the invasion of The Netherlands last May," in an Athens broadcast, the British Broadcasting Corporation reported.

"The broadcast described how the bridge was hit by a terrific barrage from the ground defences, dropped bombs," the BBC said. "One British pilot overflew his target in his first flight and turned to bring his bomber-aimer into position again."

"The observer was not satisfied and the aircraft hovered over the defences four times to ensure the full effect possible."

During the final attack on the bridge, two sticks of bombs were dropped and the first struck the bridge and demolished it. The other stick fell on a nearby railway line.

"German forces warning across the bridge were held up and other British bombers who arrived to find the bridge already severed used their bombs against armored motor vehicles," the broadcast added.

Greenland Will Be Restored

Country To Be Returned To Denmark After The War

Washington.—President Roosevelt said that Greenland would be restored to Denmark as soon as the mother country became an independent nation and not a government under German domination.

Discussing at a press conference the background of the agreement between the United States and the Danish minister here under which Greenland was embraced within the western hemisphere defence system, the president said it was a step taken under the Monroe doctrine.

Replying to a question about the Danish minister's refusal to recognize a recall order by the government at Copenhagen, the president said that since Denmark was occupied by a large number of troops from another European power, the Danish government, the state department and the Danish minister have maintained that Denmark was now a government under duress.

A Substantial Gift

Utah Mormons Send \$10,000 Cheque For Canadian War Services

Calgary.—A cheque for \$10,000 from the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, in Salt Lake City, Utah, gave the Canadian war services campaign fund a local upsurge.

The cheque came via J. H. Card, chairman of the Carleton committee, where there is a large settlement of people of this belief. Church President Heber J. Grant sent the cheque "with best wishes for the success of the cause for which Canada and Great Britain are making such heroic sacrifices."

Issuing War Loan

London.—The British Broadcasting Corporation reported that following the meeting of the Australian loan council in Canberra it was decided to issue a war loan of £35,000,000 (about \$135,750,000).

Paris Strong For De Gaulle

Free French Slogans Chalked Up Every Night On Buildings

London.—"Strong measures" are being taken in Paris to prevent spread of the Free French movement, headed by Gen. Charles de Gaulle, the British Broadcasting Corporation said. The Paris prefecture of police had issued more than 4,000 warrants against householders and owners of business premises who have allowed De Gaulle's inscriptions to remain on the walls of their houses or shops.

"Every morning at dawn the police four the streets to see that all the Free French slogans chalked up overnight are obliterated," the BBC said.

It added that the De Gaulle movement is "known to be particularly strong in Paris where German occupation has done nothing to enhance their (the Nazis) reputation. Travellers from Paris tell of Parisians who are not always in silence, who refuse to sit at the same table with Germans in restaurants and who make subtle demonstrations in favor of Britain and De Gaulle."

BRITISH FORCES FACE STRONG AXIS ARMY IN LIBYA

London.—British and Imperial forces in Libya are facing a "full scale" Axis attack with a total strength of between "60,000 and 80,000" men, a Daily Express military reporter wrote.

He said an "authentic estimate" of enemy strength was two Panzer divisions of 800 tanks and 1,200 other vehicles with tractor-mounted guns, one German motorized infantry division, probably 200 Italian tanks, an Italian motorized division, numerous supply units, and from 800 to 1,000 planes.

The Daily Telegraph even suggested that Axis strength is "not less than three, and possibly more, armored divisions."

Thousands of British Empire troops, fresh from conquests in Egypt, are streaming through blindfolded desert to meet the German blitzkrieg forces. Englishmen, Scotsmen, Welshmen, and Indians have been sent in a sweep Italian armies before them in British and Italian Somaliland, Ethiopia and Eritrea were in the column, all on a forced march to reach British defence line quickly.

Parachute Troops In China

Report Says Japanese Soldiers Carrying Out Exercises Over Shanghai

London.—The British Broadcasting Corporation quoted Reuters' report from Shanghai that several thousand Japanese troops have been sent to the city to "counteract a Chinese move from the south-east."

The report said Japanese parachute troops have been carrying out large-scale exercises over the northern part of the state and the Danish minister here under which Greenland was embraced within the western hemisphere defence system, the president said it was a step taken under the Monroe doctrine.

DUCHESSE AND FARMERETTE

The Duchess of Gloucester is shown, left, chatting with a pretty farmerette, who can drive a tractor with any man, during her visit to the Northamptonshire Institute of Agriculture, where members of the women's land army are trained.

TO URGE MORE SHIPS



Sir Arthur Salter, right, under-secretary in the British shipping ministry, shown as he talked to reporters on his arrival in New York on a mission to urge speed-up in production of shipping by American shipyards for use in trans-Atlantic trade. Sir Arthur was quoted as saying that the British government was prepared to recommend use of American warships for emergency purposes if asked by Washington.

Seeking Information

London Turns To San Francisco For Plans On Rebuilding

San Francisco.—Off-bombed London, already looking ahead to the tremendous task of rebuilding its wrecked areas, has turned to San Francisco for detailed information about how the bay city was rebuilt after the earthquake and fire of 1906.

The query reached Mayor Angelo Rossi through Dean Acheson, assistant secretary of state for the United States, after the latter received a letter from W. G. Jackson, member of the London county council.

Seeking to benefit by San Francisco's experience, Jackson explained that "consideration is being given to the problems arising from the war damage that has occurred in London."

Mayor Rossi said all available records and other pertinent information would be forwarded to London.

New Eastern Terminus

Trans-Canada Air Lines Now Operate From Nova Scotia

Halifax.—Trans-Canada Air Lines took eight passengers westward on the first flight of a new service linking the nation by air from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

T.C.A. previously had its eastern terminus at Moncton, N.B., but in future will operate into Halifax and Charlottetown, taking over lines formerly flown by Canadian Airways.

Most Sorrowful Realities

Amsterdam (via Berlin).—Netherlands Jews were ordered by the Nazis to surrender their radio receiving sets within two weeks. Receivers in possession of Jews are to be confiscated by the police.

Income Tax Returns

All Returns Must Be In By April 30th

Ottawa.—The final day of reckoning for some 500,000 Canadians liable to income tax on 1940 earnings is approaching. All income tax returns must be in by April 30 or the penalties provided by law are apt to fall on the delinquents.

The department of national revenue reported income tax collections for March at \$28,958,806, an increase of \$34,061,586 over March, 1940.

The increase was a reflection of the higher rates and lower exemptions applicable to 1940 incomes than to 1939, as well as to the new installment plan for payments inaugurated this year.

This plan, designed to make things easier for persons having sizeable tax bills to pay enables persons to spread their payments over monthly installments starting at the end of January. By paying a certain proportion of the tax in installments prior to April 30 taxpayers earned the right to pay the balance in full after the monthly installments after April 30 without interest on arrears.

A large number of Canadians took advantage of the plan but notwithstanding this, collections in April, the heavy month of the year for income tax payments, are expected to reach record proportions.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 1941, tax collections totalled \$272,138,290 compared with \$134,418,566 in the fiscal year 1939-40.

Persons who file an income tax return on or before April 30 makes a taxpayer liable to a penalty of five per cent. of the tax ultimately payable if the tax payments due April 30 but not paid interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum is chargeable.

WANT IMPERIAL WAR COUNCIL TO MEET IN LONDON

London.—The British government has requested reliably that the meeting of the Imperial War Council in London of as many dominant prime ministers as possible for war consultations.

Prime Minister R. G. Menzies of Australia is prolonging his visit at Prime Minister Winston Churchill's request and will be joined soon by Prime Minister Peter Fraser of New Zealand, whom Mr. Churchill invited to meet in London.

It is understood that Britain would like Prime Minister Jan Smuts of South Africa to come, but it is questionable whether the South African internal situation would permit his absence.

The presence of these three statesmen is regarded as particularly desirable as their troops are engaged in the war on the east.

It is not known whether Prime Minister Mackenzie King's presence is deemed urgent because Canadians are not engaged in actual battles but his coming would place the British authorities, who in the past have been somewhat aloof, closer to the front.

A proposal for an early summation of an imperial war council was turned down by Viscount Cranborne, dominions secretary, April 1, but government sources said that in these days of fast-breaking war developments the presence of the heads of the dominion governments to participate in war cabinet deliberations would be most helpful.

Acreeage Bonus

Payment On Summerfallow To Be Made After July 1st

Ottawa.—Federal bonus of \$4 an acre on wheat land turned to summerfallow will be payable on acreage shown after July 1, agricultural department officials said.

Regulations set forth that the minister of agriculture "on or after July 1, 1941, in respect of wheat acreage reduction on any farm" may pay "\$4 in respect of each acre which is summerfallowed in 1941 in excess of the number of acres which was summerfallowed in 1940."

Agriculture Minister MacMillan of Alberta said he had received information that the federal bonus on summerfallow land would be computed on the acreage shown at July 31 instead of July 1.

Refugee Industries

London.—Many European refugee industries, partly financed by their own governments, are seeking current and future, have sprung up in the Team Valley estates of northeast England, and the Treforest estate in south Wales.

PLANS MADE FOR NAVAL DEFENCE OF CANADA'S COASTS

Montreal.—Completion of plans for the military and naval defence of the eastern and western coasts of Canada and the United States were announced by the Canada-United States joint permanent defence board.

"The board from now on will devote itself to keeping these plans up to date to meet changing conditions," said the announcement, made after a three-day meeting, which included a session with Newfoundland government officials.

The announcement, released by Mayor Florent La Guardia of New York and Col. O. M. Biggar of Ottawa, co-chairmen, added:

"The board must naturally take a realistic view of conditions and therefore the plans have been prepared with minimum effort, but it is expected that it will be necessary to defend either the eastern or western coasts of our country. Nothing is left to be done but to put the plans into operation."

The statement said that "matters of the utmost importance to the Newfoundland were discussed with Hon. L. E. Emerson, Newfoundland commissioner of defence, and Hon. J. H. Benson, commissioner of finance."

It is expected that representatives from the Newfoundland government will confer with the board from time to time," the announcement added.

For two days technical military and naval members of the board had engaged in preliminary discussions on continental defence.

It was the second time the board had met in Montreal since its establishment last year.

Air Raid Victims

Lord and Lady Stamp Killed When Bomb Crashes On Home

London.—Lord Stamp, one of the most brilliant economists in the empire, was killed by a German plane and his wife, Wilfrid Carlyle Stamp, when several explosive bombs made several three hits on their home on the outskirts of London. In all, six persons died in the wreckage of the house. Lord Stamp lived at Shortlands, Kent.

Lord Stamp was well known in Canada. He held honorary degrees from McGill University, the University of Toronto, University of Western Ontario, and McMaster University, and in 1931 received the Canadian Grand Futurist Inquiry.

He was chairman of the London, Midlands and Scotland railway, Britain's largest transport organization, and was a director of the Bank of England. Before his elevation to the peerage he was known as Sir Joseph Stamp.

Lady Stamp was president of the National Trust, a member of the War Council and governor of University College, Aberystwyth, Wales. She was married to Lord Stamp in 1903.

B.C. Shipbuilding

Orders Placed So Far Amount To \$400,000

Victoria.—The department of trade and industry said that wartime shipbuilding orders placed in British Columbia so far amounted to \$400,000, of which about \$100,000 had been completed. Recent orders included a \$350,000 contract for two 9,300-ton steel cargo ships let to Prince Rupert drydocks.

The shipbuilding steel for eight similar ships being built at Vancouver by Burrard Drydock Company has arrived at Howe Sound, general manager, said two keels probably would be laid in the next week or 10 days.

New Training Plane Tested

Ottawa.—Tests on a new carry-out on Canada's new primary training plane, the Fairchild M-62, a multi-engine and supply department aircraft, has arrived at the University of Western Ontario, where the question of building these planes in Canada for use of the Dominion's fledgling pilots was a matter that is still in the "preliminary talk stage."

Battle Of Greece

New York.—Columbia Broadcasting System's Listening Post reported that a London radio broadcast of one British Royal Air Force squadron had shot down 100 Axis planes during the battle of Greece.

Arrives In England

London.—Her Majesty's government relief of Canadian Conservative leader, arrived in England by clipper to undertake a survey of Canadian auxiliary war services.

Common People Of Japan

Dislike Germans Intensely And Have Great Admiration For British

The vast majority of the common people of Japan seem to dislike and dislike the Germans intensely. That is the opinion of Miss Hawkins, who has returned to Hamilton, Ont., after 21 years of service in Japan as a Church of Christ missionary. This attitude is illustrated by a conversation Miss Hawkins had with a Japanese. "She should never have made a treaty with the Germans," he told her. "The British, like the Japanese, are gentlemen; the Germans are not."

"I was in a butcher shop," Miss Hawkins continued, "when a German woman entered, pointed to a piece of meat and said: 'I am a German. I want that meat more cheaply.' The shopkeeper refused point blank. A moment later an Englishwoman asked for the same piece of meat and got it at a much lower price than the German had demanded, without asking for any reduction in the price of the meat."

"Of course," Miss Hawkins explained, "the military clique obviously is trying to suppress this feeling. The young men are intensely patriotic. They are pro-German when German victories are announced, but they towards the British when news of British victories is received."

"The Japanese, on the whole, have no true conception of the war going on in China. They believe, after reading their newspapers, that Japanese soldiers are in China to spread an errand of mercy and that the Chinese are receiving them with open arms. Miss Hawkins said, "Pictures in the newspapers depict Japanese troops playing with Chinese children and kindly taking care of Chinese in general. Returned missionaries speak of their experiences in the war. Wounded returned soldiers are dressed in white, and their wives speak of their white uniforms in Japan," the missionary said.

When asked to reconcile a statement she made—that the Japanese are very kindly people—with the Japanese atrocities in China, Miss Hawkins answered in two words: "the military."

"The Japanese are on strict ration at the present time. Rice is being imported from China and adulterated with barley. Flour is very hard to obtain; pure butter, impossible. A half-pound sugar a month is the limit for each person. Gasoline is very scarce and there is a limit of 100 to 1000."

"Clothing is the biggest problem," she said. "Substitutes have replaced cotton, wool and leather and many garments simply dissolve when washed."

Missionaries were treated most kindly in Japan and the kindergarten which they established all through the country received the wholehearted support of the people, and now that the missionaries have left, they are carrying on the schools themselves, she said.

"We were watched by the people, but it was the activities of the huge number of Germans which created the closest attention of the police," Miss Hawkins declared. "The people were very sorry to see us leave."

World's Smallest Rose

Has Been Grown For Years By Swiss Flower Fairs

In the tiny hamlet of Marborgh in the Jura Mountain range, in Switzerland, flower lovers for many years have been growing perhaps the tiniest rose in the world. A colored in the Swiss army, Roulet, procured one of these jewel-like roses and many presented it to Henri Corveillon, the eminent Swiss rock-garden specialist, who christened it "Rosa roulet" and propagated it.

The plucky plants are little more than hand-high. The exquisite semidouble flowers, produced from April to November, are bright, rose-pink. The blossom is so tiny that a bee stopping to call almost covers the rose.

The Better Way

Once during the war between the States, Lincoln's kind words for the South resulted in a stern rebuke from an elderly lady who happened to be present.

"Why do you speak well of your enemies," she demanded, "rather than destroy them?"

"Why, Madam," replied Lincoln with gentle patience, "do I not to destroy my enemies when I make them my friends?"

A woman's idea of something artistic is equivalent to a man's idea of something foolish.

A loose automobile fan belt sometimes causes a noise that sounds somewhat like a house bearing knock.

Junior Farm Clubs

Steady Advance Is Seen In Membership Since 1931

The Canadian Council on Boys' and Girls' Club Work again reports an increase for 1940 in the membership of the clubs of the farm boys and girls of Canada, bringing the membership to 47,447, as compared with 45,314 in 1939. This is an increase of 1,733 members, or 3.8 per cent., and is all the more remarkable from the fact that the increase in 1939 was 21 per cent. greater than in 1938 and is still being continued under the prevailing circumstances of war.

A clear picture of the steady advance of junior farm club work since 1931, the year in which the Canadian Council was organized, is given by a study of the membership. In 1931, the members numbered 21,142, followed by 21,430 in 1932; 23,432 in 1933; 26,790 in 1934; 30,282 in 1935; 35,440 in 1936; 35,141 in 1937; 37,254 in 1938; 45,314 in 1939, and 47,447 in 1940.

This steady growth of club membership is closely associated year by year with the improvement in the character of the work through the adoption of methods designed to make club experience more useful and educational to each member. The year 1940 proved no exception, furthering the growth in the number of branches of the work, particularly in the development of that important factor in successful club work which reaches its peak in efficient local leadership. While the members have been active in carrying out the requirements of the club projects at the same time they have fully identified themselves with Canada's war effort, both by their participation in providing food and active assistance to the various welfare societies, as well as their quota of investments in war bonds and certificates, and donations to war funds.

Pledged Their Loyalty

Thousands Of Ethiopians Vow Allegiance To Emperor Haile Selassie

The Emperor Haile Selassie, of Ethiopia, has been crowned in Addis Ababa, and the thousands of Ethiopians who have pledged their loyalty to him have been crowned in Addis Ababa, and the thousands of Ethiopians who have pledged their loyalty to him have been crowned in Addis Ababa.

Wearing the khaki uniform of an Ethiopian field marshal, Selassie sat at the top of a flight of steps overlooking his headquarters courtyard. From a mass fluttered the green, yellow and red royal standard of the Emperor of Ethiopia, which bears Selassie's title of "King of Kings."

In the courtyard, hundreds of warriors wearing Italian uniforms, called to offer themselves to the service of the emperor.

The Emperor climbed up a hill to the town already crisscrossed with armed warriors, rushed forward with raised rifles and threw themselves at Selassie's feet, crying that they were loyal to him and boasting of deeds done against the Italians.

"I have forgiven them," Selassie said. "I forgive them for I have great confidence even in the loyalty of those who once betrayed me."

War drums throbbed when the news was spread that the emperor's heir, Crown Prince Asfaw Wossen, had entered Ethiopia again.

Surprise For Nazi General

Seeing London Papers In Norway

Amused Army Chief

The British Broadcasting Corporation added this anecdote to its regular news period recently.

It was the story of a British chief of the German army in Norway, had a rather unpleasant surprise to receive at his desk the day after he had been promoted to his post, and with a purple face, for on the table lay two copies of the London Times, only two days old.

"How did these get here?" stormed the general.

"One could tell him. Whether they had arrived by a British submarine or warship, or whether they had been smuggled in to Norway by a Norwegian fishing boat, was never revealed."

Famous Black Watch

The famous Black Watch, decimated during the retreat from Dunkirk last spring, has filled its ranks again and has returned to war duty as a regiment of the 1st Highlanders division.

It takes 300,000,000,000 average-sized grapes to weigh a pound, according to estimates.

In Cuba, jelly is sold in small, wooden boxes, not in glass jars.

Growing in a wheat field, a rose would be a weed.

THIS ONE WON'T RETURN TO GERMANY



Sentries guard a German Junkers bomber which crashed in Arundel, England, after two Royal Air Force pilots had given it their personal attention. The R.A.F. pilots were a South African and a Czech. The British caption said the South African first wounded the Nazi plane then allowed the Czech to finish it off.

Application Not Necessary

Memorial Cross Will Be Given To Next-Of-Kin

Authority has been issued by the government for distribution of a memorial cross to widows or mothers of men who have died while serving with the Canadian armed forces or the merchant marine during the present war.

The cross, a replica of the one issued to the immediate next-of-kin of nearly 60,000 Canadians who died in the First Great War, will be issued to those entitled to receive it, without necessity of applying for it to the defence department.

In bringing relatives of merchant seamen within the scope of the order, the department is giving recognition to the Dominions' seamen for the risks to which they are exposed in work of national importance.

The cross will be awarded in respect of men killed in action, who died on active service or whose death is attributable to causes directly attributable to service. If both widow and mother survive, each will be awarded a cross.

Suspended by a purple ribbon, the cross is similar in design to the Victoria Cross. Surrounding the upright of the Memorial Cross of Sacrifice, however, is a crown, while at the end of either arm is a maple leaf. In the centre, within a leaf or laurel, is the royal cipher, "G.R.I.I."

Check Cheese Shipments

Movement From East To West To Be Supervised

To avoid what might be termed "lost effort," the dairy products board has been given authority to impose checks, if necessary, on the movement of eastern cheese to the west.

Under the regulation, children cheese in quantities greater than 50 pounds cannot be shipped from Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island to Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia without authorization of the board.

An agricultural department official said the west had come to the point where it could almost fill its own cheese requirements and the board wished to exercise control over any wholesale movement which might result in cheese shipped west having to be returned east for final sale.

"We simply wish to prevent lost effort," he said.

The lancet, a creature once regarded as a fish, can swim both backward and forward, and breathes by means of vibratory hairs.

Navajo Indians never enter a house where one of their tribe has died.

Foiled Nazis Twice

British Soldiers Escaped From Capture And Are In Canada

Seven British soldiers who escaped from their German captors and made their way through France to safety in England, told newspaper how they foiled the Nazis for the second time on the winter-lashed Atlantic.

They arrived at an east coast Canadian port aboard a British vessel. Their journey commenced on a little freighter which was blown off the water by torpedoes from a German sub. Three of the freighter's crew were killed by the explosion, but the soldiers and the remainder of the crew took to the lifeboats.

For 36 hours they floated about, unprotected from the icy water and freezing winds, before being picked up by the warship. But they appeared unharmed by their experience, and were willing to tell of their first escape from the Nazis, when things looked as hopeless as they did during those freezing hours in the lifeboats.

When France collapsed they were captured by the German and rushed across Germany. Just as they were crossing the border, the seven made a break for freedom by hiding in the underbrush along the road.

They went unnoticed and later some of them wandered through France for months disguised as peasants before they got a ship for Africa, and finally England. One was in Paris when the Germans rolled into the city.

They were glad to be in Canada, they said, even if they did have to make a ship transfer in mid-Atlantic, and were looking forward to helping the Empire's war effort here.

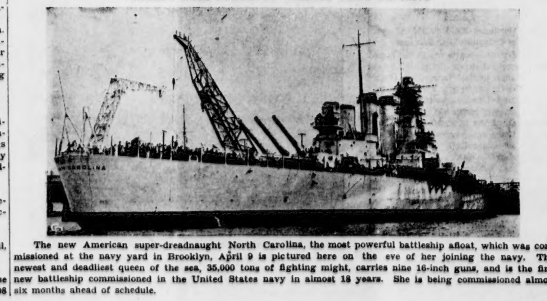
Not So Very Old

First Practical Refrigerator Machine Was Made In 1834

The first practical refrigerator machine is credited to John Hargreaves, who constructed the "parent of all modern compression machines" in 1834, on the designs of Jacob Perkins. But the apparatus was never used commercially. The next name of importance in the history of the development of cold storage machines is that of James Harrison, of Victoria, his invention being used not only in Australia, but in England in the 1850's.

Then Professor Carl Linde, of Munich, produced the ammonia compression machine in 1873. The Encyclopedia Britannica says the adoption of ice-making machinery for industrial purposes practically dates the modern ice trade, with the exception of electrical machinery, no more remarkable development in any of the mechanical engineering fields has been seen in recent years—Hamilton Spectator.

WORLD'S MOST POWERFUL WARSHIP JOINS U.S. NAVY



The new American super-dreadnaught North Carolina, the most powerful battleship afloat, which was commissioned at the navy yard in Brooklyn, N.Y., is pictured here on her first voyage. The newest and deadliest queen of the sea, 35,000 tons of fighting might, carries nine 16-inch guns, and is the first new battleship commissioned in the United States navy in almost 18 years. She is being commissioned almost six months ahead of schedule.

Knows All About Submarines

Admiral Horton Knows High In List Of British Naval Heroes

"One of the richest 'fruit salads' in the British navy is carried by Admiral Sir Max Kennedy Horton on the left breast of his tunic."

"Why may I say that for a big collection of medals?" Horton is asked by one of Britain's naval heroes.

The old sea-dog, who torpedoed the first German submarine lost to the First Great War, is head of Britain's submarine service.

He's considered one of the coolest, most daring men in the "trade," as the sailors call the submarine service, and even yet they chuckle over the way he used to annoy his superiors.

When Max Horton brought his submarine into the Harwich base during the First Great War, the people always knew when he had sunk an enemy ship. If he had, the skull and crossbones emblem flew from his coming tower.

The admiralty didn't like this little habit, but Horton was an individual who frequently declined to accept advice from staff advisers.

He was a sailor, an expert bridge player and one of the most popular men in the navy. He says unmarried men make the best naval officers. He's regarded mainly as a submarine expert but he has had wide experience in most branches of the service, and has commanded the first cruiser squadron in the Mediterranean, the second battle squadron, and the administrative job at the admiralty.

The war was only a few hours old in 1914 when Horton, then a lieutenant commander, was ordered to lead a submarine ED into Heligoland night for a crack at the German warships which were coming in to attack the British. But the Germans weren't asleep. Destroyers poured shells at the raider and forced him to retreat.

Horton left his vessel. He came to the bottom of the night as he calmly whiled away several hours playing cards. The next morning, the British first "kill" came in September, 1914, when he sank the German cruiser, which was credited with sinking a torpedoboot destroyer near the mouth of the Ems river.

It was then he was rising the Baltic where he sank the German cruiser Admiral, three submarines, two destroyers and several merchant ships. He was awarded the Victoria Cross for his feat.

Cool judgment and enterprise were the qualities which won respect for Horton. He was a sailor and when he was promoted a full admiral early this year it was pointed out that he earned his stripes on the water as a seaman and tactician.

When the present war started Horton was in command of the British reserve fleet. Three weeks before Britain declared war he put 150 warships to sea in the English Channel for an emergency preparedness review by the King. No home fleet ships participated. Naval authorities said it was the first time in British naval history, made possible through general mobilization by recalling 15,000 retired officers, reservists and pensioners.

Because of his experience and expert knowledge Horton was selected to command M1, Britain's first 12-inch-gunned submarine. But speculation hasn't prevented him acquiring an all-round knowledge and since the Great War he has been chief of staff at Portsmouth, Britain's biggest naval base, assistant director of mobilization at the admiralty, and commanded the battleship Resolute, one of the few old battleships in the fleet. He was also in command of the cruiser squadron, based on Malta, the second battle squadron, using the battleships Malaysia and Barham as flagships, and was second in command, home fleet.

Relief work after the earthquake in Greece in 1922 won him the Great Order of the Redeemer. He got a life-saving medal for rescuing survivors when the warship Delhi sank off Cape Sparte in 1911.

Trained While Young

Over Million German Children Pledge Loyalty To Fuehrer

More than a million 14-year-old children, joined in the Hitler Youth Movement and the Union of German Girls in nation-wide exercises. They heard a radio broadcast by Arthur Amann youth leader and with raised hands declared: "I promise always to do my duty in the Hitler Youth Movement with love and faithfulness to the Fuehrer and our flag."

A billion billion water molecules can rest comfortably on the head of a pin and have room to spare.

B. A. Oil Products

- PEEPLESS ETHYL
- NEVERNOX AND BRITISH MOTOR GASOLINES
- FLASH DISTILLATE
- OILS AND GREASES

D. G. MURRAY**WE HAVE INSTALLED A FOREMAN BATTERY BOOSTER**

The Latest in Battery Chargers

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THEATRE

THURS. MAY 1

JON HALL

— IN —

"KIT CARSON"

THURS. MAY 8

"NORTH WEST MOUNTED POLICE"**CHRIST CHURCH**

(ANGLICAN)

SUNDAY SCHOOL 12:10

Choir Practice every Tuesday, 7 p.m.
A.Y.P.A. Meetings every second and fourth Tuesday**BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH**

REV. R. MILBRANDT, Pastor

10:00 a.m.—Sunday School.

11:00 a.m.—Morning Service.

7:00 p.m.—Evening Service.

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

REV. R. R. HINCHEY, minister

CARBON: 11:00 a.m.

Sunday School 12:10 p.m.

HEISEKER 11:00 a.m.

Sunday School 3:00 p.m.

HIRICANA: 7:30 p.m.

ALL ARE WELCOME



BUY WAR SAVING CERTIFICATES

—White and colored Bristol board for sale at the Chronicle Office—See per sheet.

PUREBRED BULLS

During the past three years more than 600 purebred bulls have been distributed to farmers of Alberta who never previously had kept purebred sires. It was stated by J.B. Sweeney, deputy minister of agriculture, when he addressed a meeting of the Northern Alberta Shorthorn club in Edmonton recently. He said the bull distribution program would continue, possibly on a smaller scale.

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

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Member Alberta Division Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association
EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,
Editor and Publisher

THEY SERVE WELL

When the present war is over there will be on group of citizens to whom Canada will owe gratitude, just as surely as she will owe a debt of gratitude to her armed forces. These citizens are men and women who are devoting their time and energies, day in and day out, to assist in the collection of monies which the country must have in order to carry out its war program.

Without remuneration, and in many cases at a severe sacrifice of their own personal interest, these citizens rally to the cause of the War Savings, the Canadian War Service Fund and War Loans. They no sooner close one campaign, when they must start in on another. With the February drive in behalf of War Savings yet to be completed, they switched their activities to the collection of money for the soldier services. Now they have gone back to continue the War Savings job. This month, they will be preparing to sell War Loan Bonds.

These conscientious Canadians deserve more thanks than they actually receive for the work they do. That would help a great deal to offset one of the rude rebuffs they get from some unthinking Canadians who are only being asked to contribute their share in the battle being waged for their protection.

These workers on the home front serve as enthusiastically as any other citizens in the country—their only compensation being the knowledge that they are carrying out a job that has to be done.

MAILS LOST THROUGH ACTION OF THE ENEMY

Canadian citizens expecting mail from soldiers or friends in England, mailed during the period 14th to 23rd March last are advised that there may be considerable delay or perhaps loss, according to a statement released by Postmaster General William Mulock. Word has just been received that a steamer carrying mail is overdue. The ship was supposed to have left the other side during the last week of March, and was due in Canada around the first week of April. The steamer was carrying 4,200 bags of mail, including 3,855 bags of letters and 403 bags of parcels.

The Canadian Post Office Department is at all times anxious to provide a safe and expeditious mail service between citizens of Canada and military forces and friends in Great Britain, but the above is an example of one of the unavoidable situations which from time to time confront the Postal Service.

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS

The period of grace for dog owners has ended and all dogs without a tag will be impounded and finally destroyed.

See the Secretary-Treasurer for your Dog Licenses immediately.

VILLAGE OF CARBON,
ALEX REID, Sec.-Treas.

WORK CLOTHES

MEN'S OVERALL PANTS—Specially Priced
8-oz. \$1.50 9-oz. \$1.75
WORK GLOVES, from 65c to \$1.75

We have just received a shipment of
LECKIE WORK BOOTS AND HIGH TOPS
Also Williams, and Valentine and Martin
"The Best Work Shoes on the Market"

CARBON TRADING CO.

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DOES YOUR CAR SHIMMY ?

GRIND AWAY YOUR TIRES? STEER HARD, WANDER OR WEAVE? —If so, have it checked over by our new

"BEAR" System of Wheel and Axle Alignment

Knee Action Adjustments — Frames and Axles Straightened

McPHERSON'S AUTO BODY WORKS

Phone: 305; Drumheller, Alta.

Snicklefritz-----

"Do you believe that clothes make the man?"
"Well, a good suit has made many a lawyer."

Wife: "It's strange, but Ruth and I can hardly understand each other on the telephone."
Husband: "Did you ever try talking one at a time?"

Mistress: "Have you finished cleaning the brass ornaments yet?"
Maid (fed up): "Yes, ma'am; all except your rings and bracelets."

"Was your lecture on economy a success?"
"Yes," replied Blinbaum, "they gave me two hearty cheers."

Young Mother: "Mary, what is the most difficult thing for a young mother to learn?"
Mary (the governess): "That other people have perfect children too."

WORLD WEEK

(Continued from front page)

making some more speeches in New York and the prejudices of his listeners have been inflamed to the point of minor rioting.

His text is always the same. Britain is going to lose the war and the United States should not get mixed up with her.

It is an extraordinary thing that this Nazi doctrine of defeatism should be permitted to flow from public platforms in a country whose President has plainly defined the national purpose of the defeat of Hitler.

If this is the American national purpose, Lindbergh is interfering with it quite as much as dangerously as the saboteurs who blow up factories and sink ships.

In other words the man is a rotten traitor to the fundamental aims of his country.

In Canada Lindbergh would be shot! Why not in the United States?

The Carbon Chronicle invites its readers to listen to The Saturday Night Review broadcast by Harold I. Weir over station CFRN (12600) every Saturday night at 8 o'clock.



Dr. R. W. Noddy

Director, Agricultural Department

North-West Line Elevators Association

Cereal Varieties

Ten different varieties of hard red spring wheat are officially recommended for use in various parts of the prairie provinces. As a result of extensive experimental work, it is known fairly well to what conditions each variety is adapted. In each of the three provinces, a Cereal Variety Zonation Committee is responsible for making official recommendations as to the varieties which should be grown in each district. These recommendations should be used as a general guide in making a choice. It is, of course, recognized that there are local districts to which varieties not officially recommended may be well adapted. However, it is wise to follow the official advice unless there is a very good reason for not doing so.

Seven varieties of oats, eleven of barley and three of flax are to be found on the recommended lists.

In order to assist government institutions in making the necessary information readily available to farmers, all grain buyers of Line Elevator Companies associated with the Agricultural Department have been provided with printed copies of cereal variety recommendations.

In order to secure maximum returns, it is necessary to use pure seed of the right variety.

So long as supplies last, copies of recommendations may be obtained from:

Manitoba—Extension Service, Department of Agriculture, Winnipeg; Saskatchewan—Extension Department, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon; Field Crops Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Regina.

Alberta—Field Crops Branch, Department of Agriculture, Edmonton.

EXPROPRIATE 700,000 ACRES

Expropriation of 700,000 acres of land in the Tilley East area was announced by Hon. W.A. Fallow, minister of public works, recently. The move came after the Legislature had given expropriation powers for the duration of the war and one year after in a bill which the minister said was introduced in the interests of National Defence. About 125 families will be moved out and settled elsewhere. In the meantime, negotiations are proceeding with the Hudson's Bay Company for the turning over of an additional 25,000 acres which the company owns in that area. It is expected the land will be used for artillery work.

HELP CANADA WIN THE WAR

by growing less wheat in 1941

See Secretary of your Municipality, he can help you with your application

Get Your Application Completed by May 1, 1941, if Possible

Published by authority of the Dominion Department of Agriculture

DON'T JUST ASK FOR BREAD !
— INSIST ON —
CARBON-MADE BREAD
WHEN MAKING YOUR PURCHASES
DICK'S BAKERY

HAVE

YOU
PLEDGED ALL YOU CAN TO BUY

WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
regularly?

YOU KNOW that Canada's War Effort requires a steady flow of money—week by week, month by month—loaned from the savings of her people.

IF YOU HAVEN'T pledged yourself

—ACT NOW! Canada needs ALL you can save and lend. There are three ways to pledge:

1. Ask your employer to deduct a specified sum from your salary or wages each pay day.
2. Authorize your bank to deduct it each month from your savings account.
3. Sign an "Honour Pledge" to buy Stamps or Certificates for a specified amount at regular intervals.

IF YOU HAVE pledged yourself

—Keep up your pledge. See your investment grow as the months go by. INCREASE the amount you have promised to save and invest. And remember that, in addition to your regular pledged amount, you can at any time buy extra War Savings Certificates from your local Bank—Post Office—or you can send your money direct to the War Savings Committee in Ottawa.

Published by the War Savings Committee, Ottawa

Keep up your Pledge!...
INCREASE YOUR REGULAR INVESTMENTS IN
WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES